



Internacional
Semana do Open Access



OpenAIRE

Open Access Infrastructure for Research in Europe

Condições Open Access da Comissão Europeia – WEBINAR

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24 out. 2012



PROGRAMA

Webinar: Condições Open Access da Comissão Europeia para as publicações no âmbito de projetos com financiamento da UE

- **11h00** – Acesso Aberto ao Conhecimento Científico e as Políticas Open Access da União Europeia, *Eloy Rodrigues*
- **11h20** – OpenAIRE: apoiando os investigadores no cumprimento do Projeto-piloto Open Access do 7º Programa Quadro e Orientações do Conselho Europeu de Investigação, *Pedro Príncipe*
- **11h40** – Perguntas e respostas



Acesso Aberto ao Conhecimento Científico e as Políticas Open Access da União Europeia

1



O que é o Acesso Aberto?





As Declarações OA – os 3 B's

- *Budapest Open Access Initiative* – Fevereiro de 2002
- *Bethesda Statement on Open Access Publishing* – Junho 2003
- *Declaração de Berlim sobre o Acesso Livre ao Conhecimento nas Ciências e Humanidades* – Outubro 2003

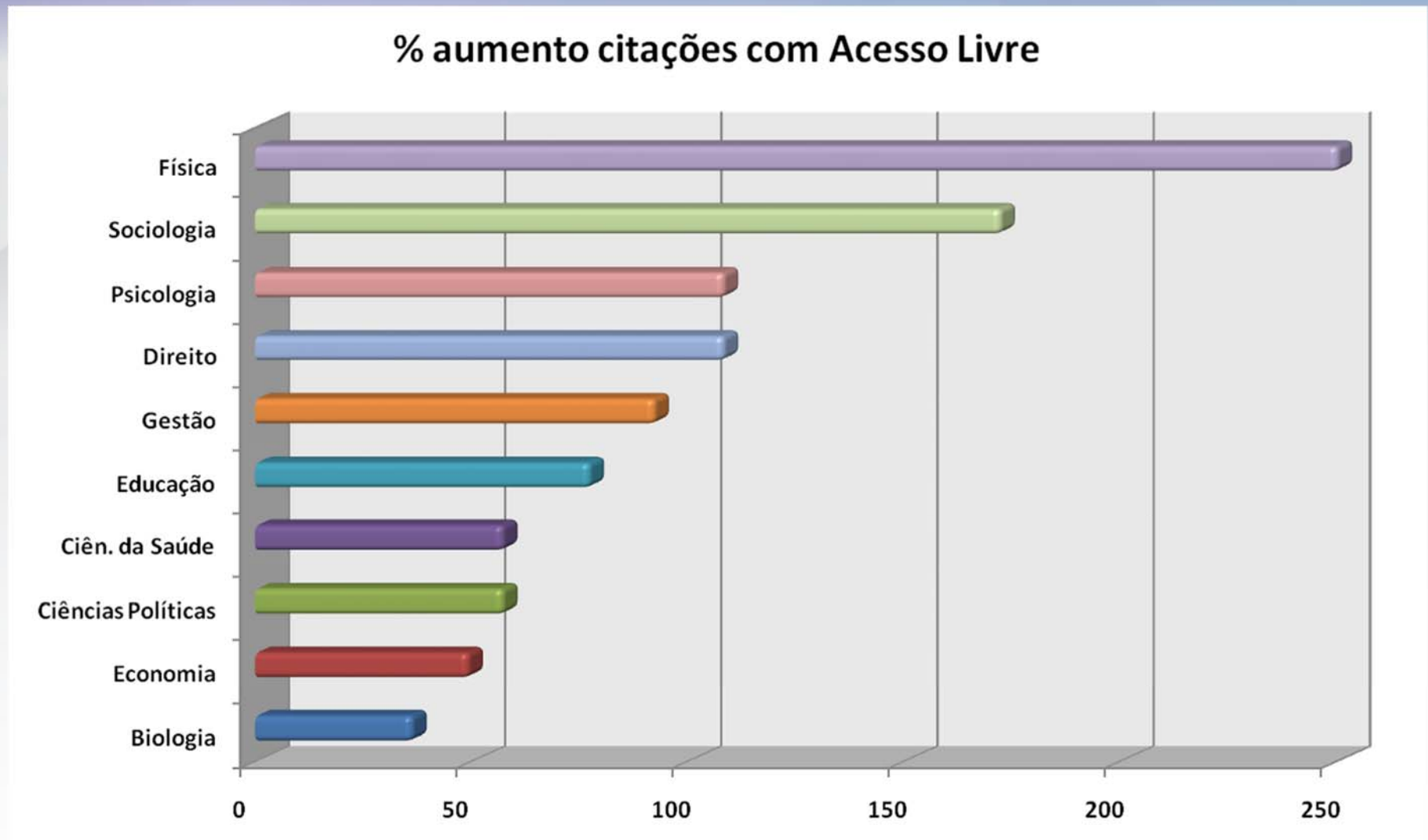


Acesso Livre porquê?

- Aumentar a visibilidade, o acesso, a utilização e o impacto dos resultados da investigação.
- Acelerar e tornar mais eficiente o progresso da ciência.
- Melhorar a monitorização, avaliação e gestão da actividade científica.



Impacto dos resultados de investigação...



Amplitude = 36%-250%
(Dados: Brody&Harnad 2004; Hajjem et al. 2005)

Adaptação de gráfico cedido por:
Alma Swan – Key Perspectives Ltd



Um exemplo recente...

Self-Selected or Mandated, Open Access Increases Citation Impact for Higher Quality Research

Yassine Gargouri¹, Chawki Hajjem¹, Vincent Larivière², Yves Gingras³, Les Carr⁵, Tim Brody⁵, Stevan Harnad^{4,5*}

1 Institut des Sciences Cognitives, Université du Québec à Montréal, Montréal, Québec, Canada, 2 Observatoire des Sciences et des Technologies, Université du Québec à Montréal, Montréal, Québec, Canada, 3 Canada Research Chair in the History and Sociology of Science, Université du Québec à Montréal, Montréal, Québec, Canada, 4 Canada Research Chair in Cognitive Sciences, Université du Québec à Montréal, Montréal, Québec, Canada, 5 School of Electronics and Computer Science, University of Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom

Abstract

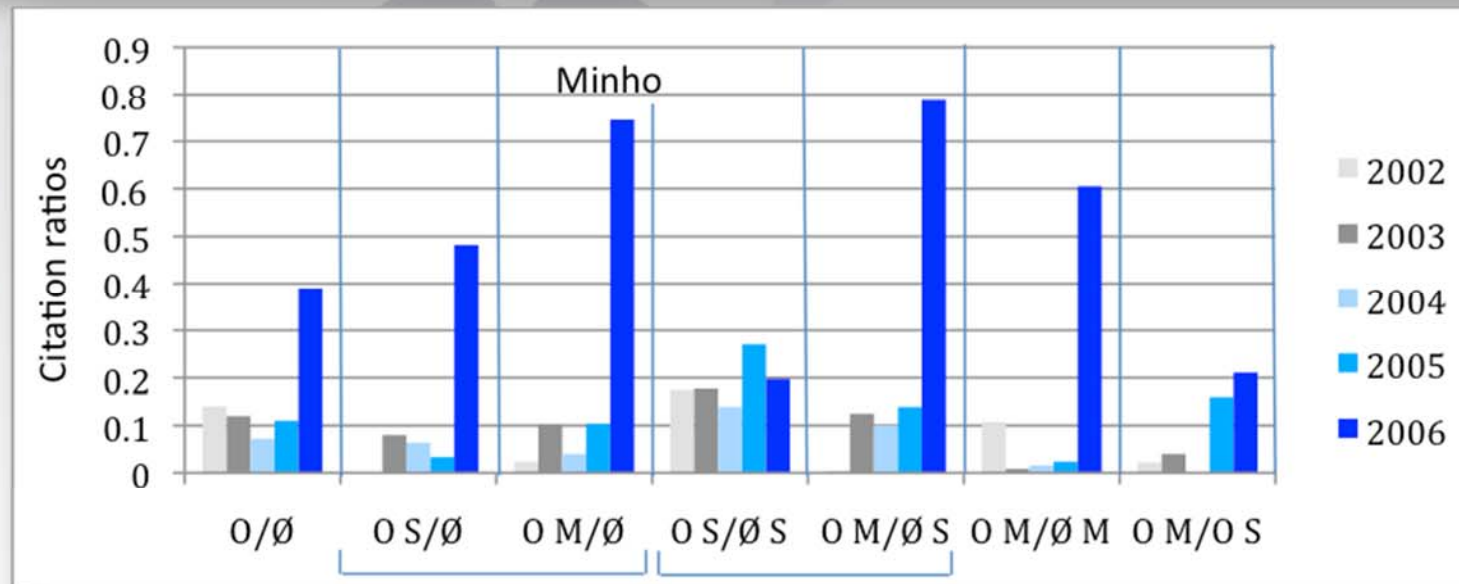
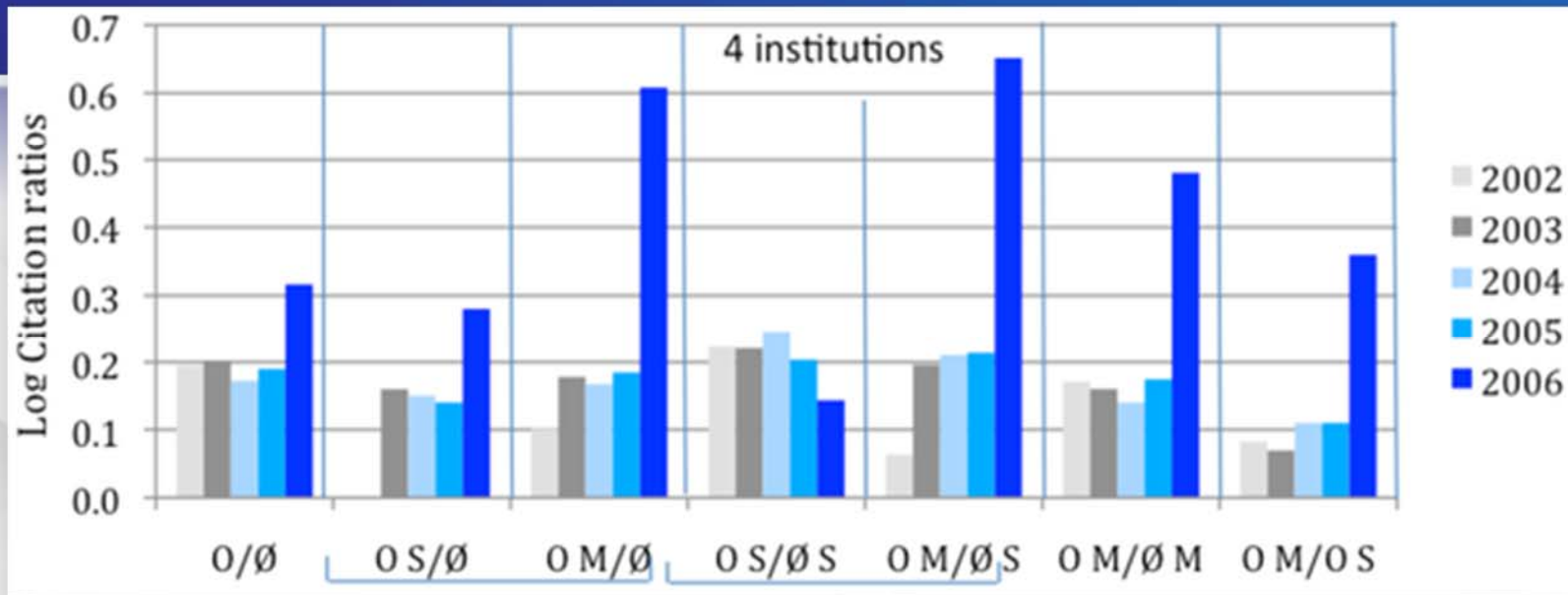
Background: Articles whose authors have supplemented subscription-based access to the publisher's version by self-archiving their own final draft to make it accessible free for all on the web ("Open Access", OA) are cited significantly more than articles in the same journal and year that have not been made OA. Some have suggested that this "OA Advantage" may not be causal but just a self-selection bias, because authors preferentially make higher-quality articles OA. To test this we compared self-selective self-archiving with mandatory self-archiving for a sample of 27,197 articles published 2002–2006 in 1,984 journals.

Methodology/Principal Findings: The OA Advantage proved just as high for both. Logistic regression analysis showed that the advantage is independent of other correlates of citations (article age; journal impact factor; number of co-authors, references or pages; field; article type; or country) and highest for the most highly cited articles. The OA Advantage is real, independent and causal, but skewed. Its size is indeed correlated with quality, just as citations themselves are (the top 20% of articles receive about 80% of all citations).

Conclusions/Significance: The OA advantage is greater for the more citable articles, not because of a quality *bias* from authors self-selecting what to make OA, but because of a quality *advantage*, from users self-selecting what to use and cite, freed by OA from the constraints of selective accessibility to subscribers only. It is hoped that these findings will help motivate the adoption of OA self-archiving mandates by universities, research institutions and research funders.



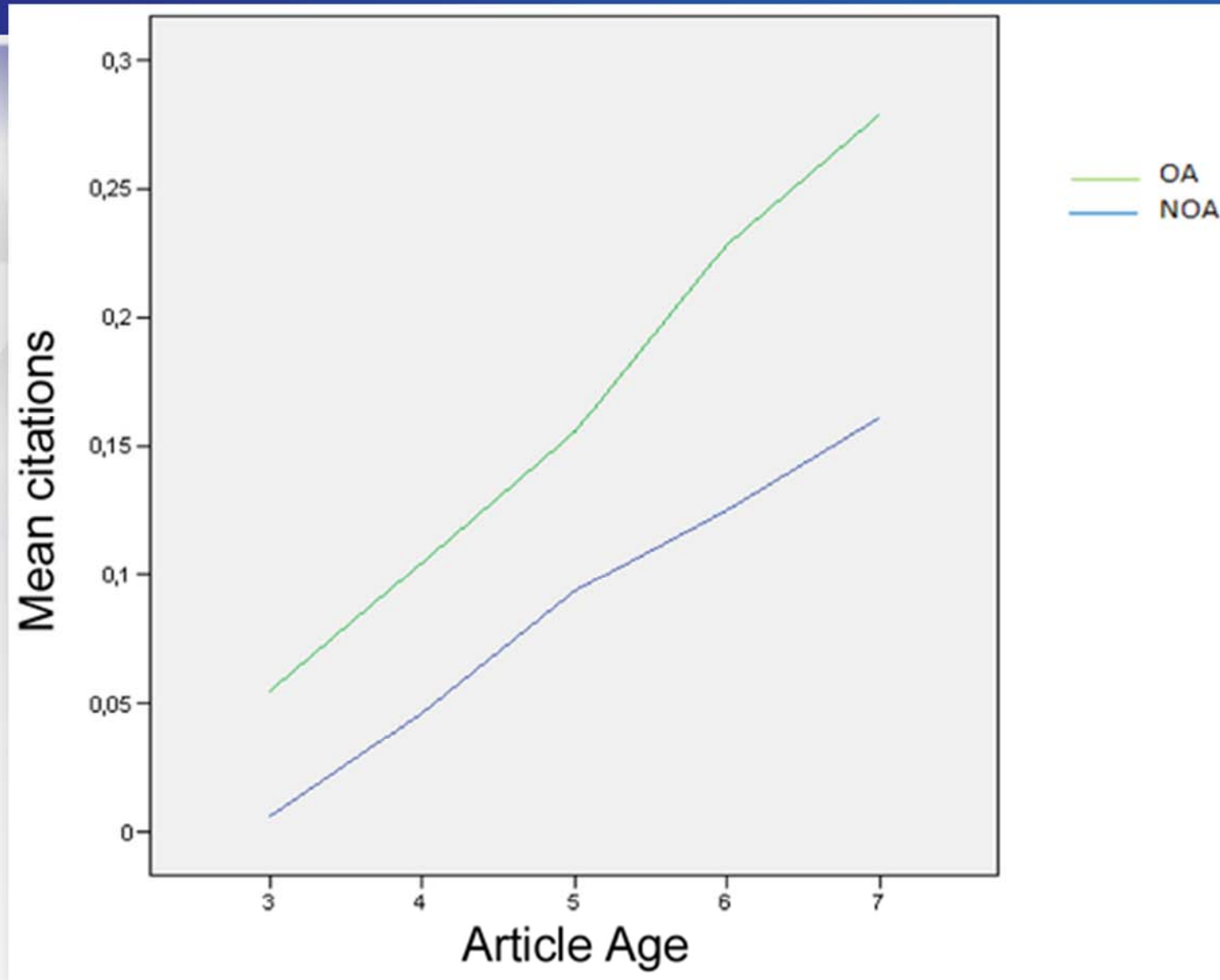
Um exemplo recente...



Gargouri Y, Hajjem C, Larivière V, Gingras Y, Carr L, et al. 2010 Self-Selected or Mandated, Open Access Increases Citation Impact for Higher Quality Research. PLoS ONE 5(10): e13636. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0013636



Um exemplo recente...



Gargouri Y, Hajjem C, Larivière V, Gingras Y, Carr L, et al. 2010 Self-Selected or Mandated, Open Access Increases Citation Impact for Higher Quality Research. PLoS ONE 5(10): e13636. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0013636



Estudos sobre o impacto do Acesso Aberto

- Já existe uma bibliografia sobre este assunto:
**The effect of open access and downloads ('hits')
on citation impact: a bibliography of studies**

<http://opcit.eprints.org/oacitation-biblio.html>



Duas vias para o Acesso Aberto





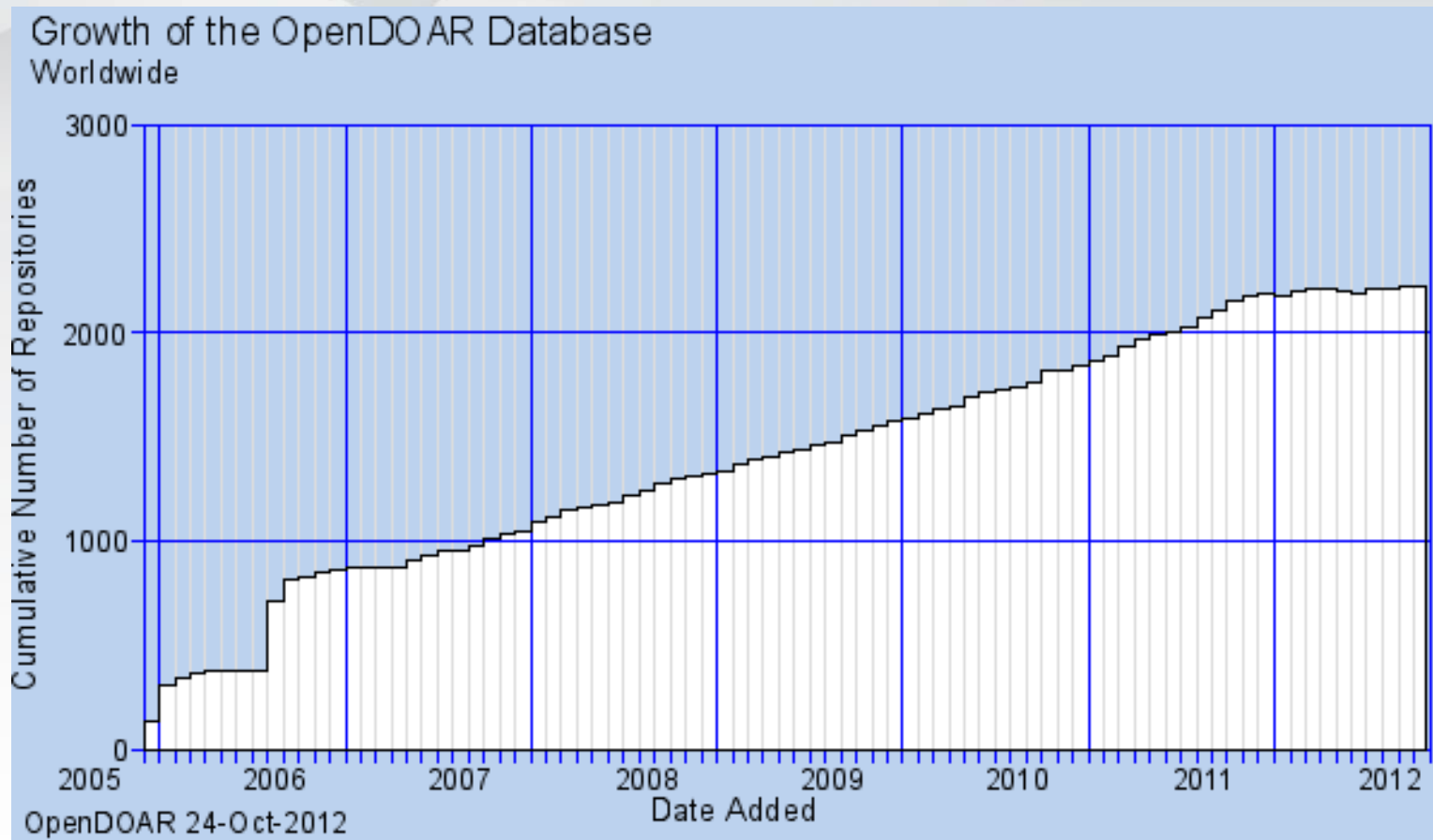
Evolução recente do Acesso Aberto

- Crescimento do número de repositórios, e do número de documentos neles depositados
- Crescimento do número de revistas em acesso aberto
- Políticas e mandatos de Open Access de universidades e organismos financiadores



Evolução dos repositórios

- 2003 – Cerca de 200 repositórios
- 2012 – 2217 repositórios





Evolução repositórios em Portugal

Evolução repositórios em Portugal



	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
— RIs (locais)	1	1	1	4	10	13	12	10	10	10
— SARIS					0	5	14	22	25	25
— Agregados RCAAP						14	25	32	35	35



Evolução das revistas OA

2011 7311

2010 5847

2009 4369

2008 3600

2007 2750

2006 2199

2005 1699

2004 1118

2003 560

Number of journals

1 journal 2741

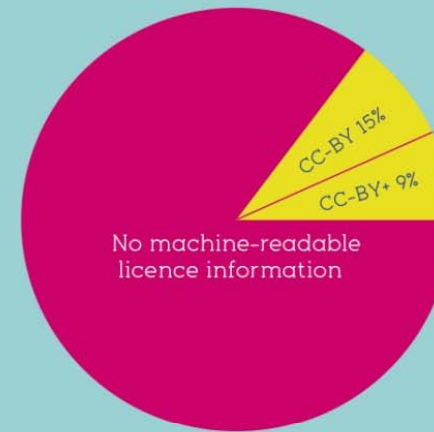
5+ journals 150

10+ journals 65

20+ journals 25

100+ journals 4

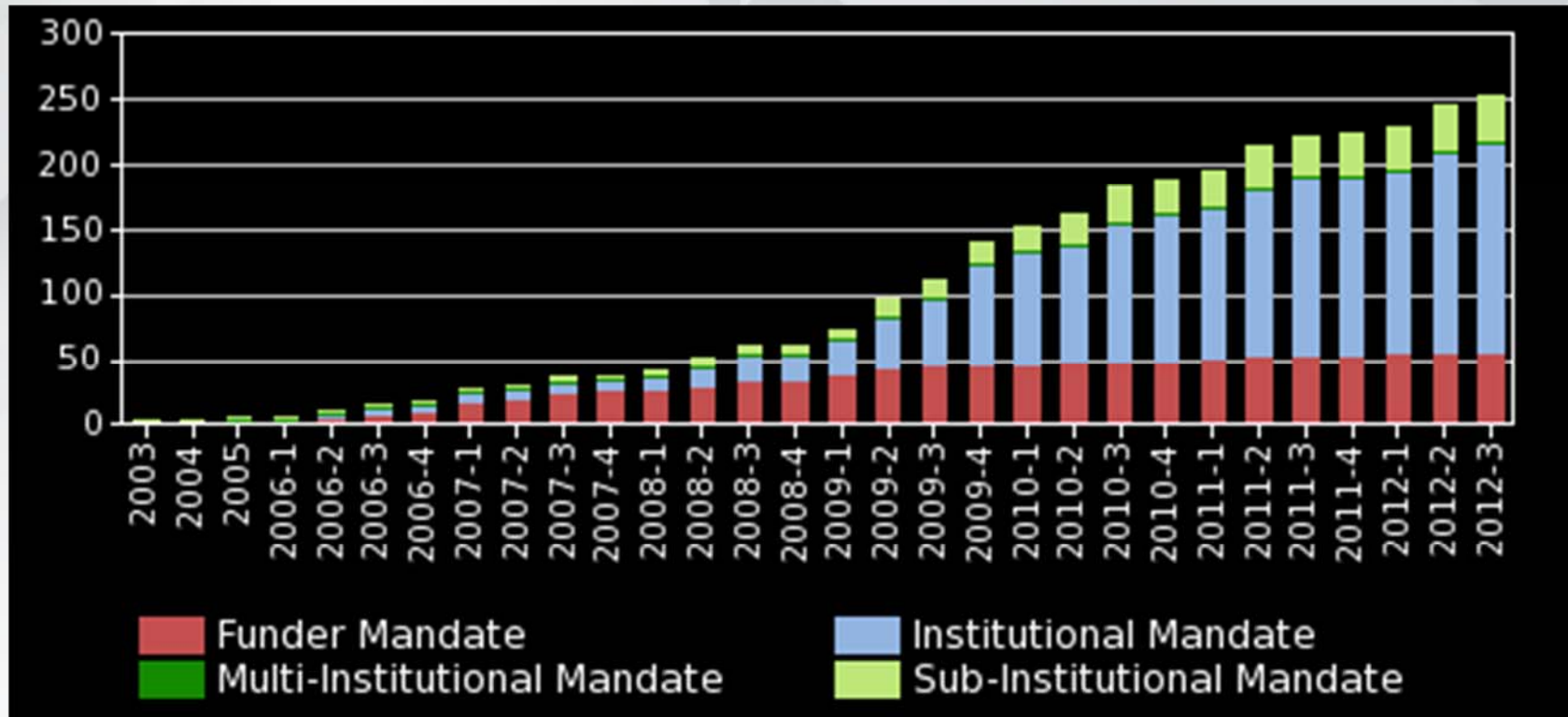
Number of publishers



Open Access Journals



Evolução recente do Acesso Aberto



ROARMAP (Registry of OA Repository Mandates):

<http://www.eprints.org/openaccess/policysignup/>



Políticas e mandatos OA em Portugal

Instituição	Tipo	Ano
Universidade do Minho	Institucional	2005
ISCTE – Instituto Universitário de Lisboa	Institucional	2007
Universidade do Porto	Institucional	2008
Universidade Aberta	Institucional	2010
Instituto Politécnico de Bragança	Institucional	2010
Universidade de Coimbra	Institucional	2010
Universidade de Lisboa	Institucional	2010
Hospitais Universitários de Coimbra	Institucional	2011
Instituto Politécnico de Leiria	Institucional	2011
Universidade de Trás-os-Montes e Alto Douro	Institucional	2011
Instituto Politécnico de Castelo Branco	Institucional	2012
Universidade do Algarve	Institucional	2012
Instituto Politécnico de Viseu	Institucional	2012
Instituto Universitário de Ciências Psicológicas, Sociais e da Vida (ISPA)	Institucional	2012
Universidade Fernando Pessoa	Institucional	2012



As políticas europeias de Open Access

A Comissão Europeia e o Conselho Europeu de Investigação pretendem:

- proporcionar ampla difusão e acessibilidade aos resultados publicados da **investigação financiada**.





POLÍTICAS OPEN ACCESS NA UE

Orientações do Conselho Europeu de Investigação

European Research Council
Scientific Council
erc

ERC Scientific Council Guidelines for Open Access
17 December 2007

1. Scientific research is generating vast, ever increasing quantities of information, including primary data, data structured and integrated into databases, and scientific publications. In the age of the Internet, free and efficient access to information, including scientific publications and original data, will be the key for sustained progress.
2. Peer-review is of fundamental importance in ensuring the certification and dissemination of high-quality scientific research. Policies towards access to peer-reviewed scientific publications must guarantee the ability of the system to continue to deliver high-quality certification services based on scientific integrity.
3. Access to unprocessed data is needed not only for independent verification of results but, more importantly, for secure preservation and fresh analysis and utilisation of the data.
4. A number of freely accessible repositories and curated databases for publications and data already exist serving researchers in the EU. Over 400 research repositories are run by European research institutions and several fields of scientific research have their own international discipline-specific repositories. These include for example PubMed Central for peer-reviewed publications in the life sciences and medicine, the arXiv Internet preprint archive for physics and mathematics, the DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank nucleotide sequence database and the RSCB-PDB/MSD-EBI/PDB protein structure database.
5. With few exceptions, the social sciences & humanities (SSH) do not yet have the benefit of public central repositories for their recent journal publications. The importance of open access to primary data, old manuscripts, collections and archives is even more acute for SSH. In the social sciences many primary and secondary data, such as social survey data and statistical data, exist in the public domain, but usually at national level. In the case of the humanities, open access to primary sources (such as archives, manuscripts and collections) is often hindered by private (or even public or nation-state) ownership which permits access either on a highly selective basis or not at all.

Based on these considerations, and following up on its earlier Statement on Open Access (Appendix 1) the ERC Scientific Council has established the following interim position on open access:

1. The ERC requires that all peer-reviewed publications from ERC-funded research projects be deposited on publication into an appropriate research repository where available, such as PubMed Central, ArXiv or an institutional repository, and subsequently made Open Access within 6 months of publication.
2. The ERC considers essential that primary data - which in the life sciences for example could comprise data such as nucleotide/protein sequences, macromolecular atomic coordinates and anonymized epidemiological data - are deposited to the relevant databases as soon as possible, preferably immediately after publication and in any case not later than 6 months after the date of publication.

The ERC is keenly aware of the desirability to shorten the period between publication and open access beyond the currently accepted standard of 6 months.

OPEN ACCESS

Projeto piloto Open Access do 7º PQ

EUROPEAN COMMISSION
European Research Area

Open Access Pilot in FP7

LEAFLET

"If I have seen further it is by standing on the shoulders of giants." Isaac Newton, 1676



Conselho Europeu de Investigação

Dezembro de 2007

Requer aos investigadores o **depósito** de todas as publicações num **repositório** institucional ou disciplinar adequado:

- resultantes dos projectos de investigação **financiados** e com revisão por pares,
- disponibilizar em acesso livre num prazo de **6 meses** a contar da data de publicação.



ERC Scientific Council Guidelines for Open Access

17 December 2007

1. Scientific research is generating vast, ever increasing quantities of information, including primary data, data structured and integrated into databases, and scientific publications. In the age of the Internet, free and efficient access to information, including scientific publications and original data, will be the key for sustained progress.
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The ERC is keenly aware of the desirability to shorten the period between publication and open access beyond the currently accepted standard of 6 months.



Projecto-piloto Open Access do 7º PQ

Em Agosto de 2008

Exige aos investigadores o **depósito** das publicações num **repositório** institucional ou disciplinar. Aplica-se a artigos que:

- possuam **revisão por pares**;
- resultem de investigação **financiada** numa das **sete áreas** temáticas designadas: energia, ambiente, saúde, tic, infra-estruturas de investigação, ciências na sociedade, ciências socioeconómicas e humanidades;
- tenham um acordo assinado depois de Agosto de 2008 (**cláusula especial 39**).





Acesso Aberto na UE

- O capítulo 2.5.2. da **Uma Agenda Digital para a Europa** – Impulsionar a inovação nas TIC tirando partido do mercado único – afirma que **a investigação financiada com dinheiros públicos deve ser largamente difundida através da publicação em livre acesso de dados e documentos científicos.**
- **A Europe 2020 Flagship Initiative Innovation Union** tem uma referência semelhante ao Acesso Aberto: a Comissão irá promover o Open Access e terá como objectivo transformar o **“Open Access to publications the general principle for projects funded by the EU research Framework Programmes”**.



AGENDA DIGITAL PARA A EUROPA



- Impulsionar a inovação nas TIC tirando partido do mercado único:
- “[...] a investigação financiada com dinheiros públicos deve ser largamente difundida através da publicação em livre acesso de dados e documentos científicos.”

“[...] the Commission will appropriately extend current open access publication requirements [...]”.





Marcos no desenvolvimento da política Open Access da CE (1/2)

Desde o arranque do projeto OpenAIRE em Dezembro de 2009

- **Maio 2010:** Europe 2020 Flagship Initiative - Communication [A Digital Agenda for Europe](#)
- **Outubro 2010:** Europe 2020 Flagship Initiative - Communication [Innovation Union](#)
- **Dezembro 2010:** [Official launch](#) of FP7 project OpenAIRE
- **Fevereiro 2011:** EC and FP7 Project Partners ['Open Access and preservation in the European Research Area' report](#)
- **Maio 2011:** Commission Communication on a Single Market for Intellectual Property Rights Boosting creativity and innovation to provide economic growth, high quality jobs and first class products and services in Europe [COM\(2011\)](#)
- **Julho 2011:** Launch of [EC public consultation on scientific information](#) (closes on 9 September 2011)



Marcos no desenvolvimento da política Open Access da CE (2/2)

- **Novembro 2011:** Proposal for open access in Horizon 2020
- **Dezembro 2011:** National Open Access and Preservation Policies in Europe: Analysis of a questionnaire to the ERA Committee
- **Janeiro 2012:** Survey on open access in FP7
- **Janeiro 2012:** Results of the public consultation on scientific information in the digital age
- **Julho 2012:** Communication on a reinforced European Research Area partnership for excellence and growth
 - Communication Towards better access to scientific information
 - Recomendação sobre o acesso à informação científica e a sua preservação



Marcos no desenvolvimento da política Open Access da CE

21.7.2012

PT

Jornal Oficial da União Europeia

L 194/39

RECOMENDAÇÕES

RECOMENDAÇÃO DA COMISSÃO

de 17 de julho de 2012

sobre o acesso à informação científica e a sua preservação

(2012/417/UE)

“[...] As políticas em prol do **acesso aberto** aos resultados da investigação científica devem ser aplicadas a toda a **investigação que receba fundos públicos**. [...] Estas políticas respondem igualmente ao desejo da própria **comunidade científica** de que haja **maior acesso à informação científica**.”



OpenAIRE: apoiando os investigadores no cumprimento do Projeto-piloto Open Access do 7º PQ e Orientações do ERC

2



OpenAIRE implementa o Projeto Piloto Open Access nos Estados Membro da UE

European Research Council
Research Council



ERC Scientific Council Guidelines for Open Access
17 December 2007

1. Scientific research is generating vast, ever increasing quantities of information, including primary data, data structured and integrated into databases, and scientific publications. In the age of the Internet, free and open access to this information, including scientific publications, is essential for sustained progress.
2. Peer-review is of fundamental importance for the dissemination of high-quality reviewed scientific publications. Peer-reviewed journals continue to deliver high quality research.
3. Access to unprocessed results but, more importantly, to the data, is essential for the full utilisation of the data.
4. A number of freely accessible data already exist. Some of these are run by scientific research organisations. These include for example life sciences and medicine, mathematics, the DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank, RSCB-PDB/MSD-EBI/PDB, and the European Open Access Infrastructure for Research in Europe (OpenAIRE).
5. With few exceptions, the scientific community has a strong interest in the benefit of public central archives is even more acute for OER. In the domain of secondary data, such as social survey data, the access to primary sources (such as archives, manuscripts) is often hindered by private (or even public) or national access either on a highly selective basis or not at all.

Based on these considerations, and following the recommendations of the Open Access (Appendix 1) the ERC Scientific Council has taken the following interim position on open access:

1. The ERC requires that all peer-reviewed research projects be deposited on a public repository where available, such as PubMed Central, and subsequently made available for publication.
2. The ERC considers essential that primary research data such as macromolecular atomic coordinates and other data are deposited to the relevant database immediately after publication and in any case no later than the date of publication.

The ERC is keenly aware of the desirability to support the development of open access beyond the currently accepted practice.



EUROPEAN COMMISSION
European Research Area

Open Access Infrastructure for Research in Europe

OpenAIRE

Open Access Pilot in FP7



Seen further it is by standing on the shoulders of giants." Isaac Newton, 1676





OBJETIVOS:

- Apoiar os investigadores no cumprimento do Projecto-piloto Open Access do 7ºPQ através de um sistema europeu de **helpdesk**;
- Apoiar os investigadores no processo de dep. publicações em repositórios institucionais ou disciplinares;
- Construir o portal OpenAIRE e a infra-estrutura electrónica para a rede de **repositórios**;
- Explorar serviços de gestão de **dados científicos** conjunto com cinco comunidades disciplinares

HELPDESK

REPOSITÓRIOS

PORTAL WEB

ESTUDOS &
OPENAIREPLUS



Rede de parceiros para a comunicação e disseminação

National Open Access Desks

Region 1 North

-  Denmark (Technical University of Denmark)
-  Finland (University of Helsinki)
-  Sweden (National Library of Sweden)
-  Norway (University of Tromsø)








Region 2 South

-  Cyprus (University of Cyprus)
-  Greece (National Documentation Center)
-  Italy (CASPUR)
-  Malta (Malta Council for Science & Technology)
-  Portugal (University of Minho)
-  Spain (Spanish Foundation for Science & Technology)

Region 3 East

-  Bulgaria (Bulgarian Academy of Sciences)
-  Estonia (University of Tartu)
-  Latvia (University of Latvia)
-  Poland (ICM – University of Warsaw)
-  Slovakia (University Library of Bratislava)
-  Czech Republic (Technical University of Ostrava)
-  Hungary (HUNOR)
-  Lithuania (Kaunas Technical University)
-  Romania (Kosson)
-  Slovenia (University of Ljubljana)

Region 4 West

-  Austria (University of Wien)
-  Belgium (University of Gent)
-  France (Couperin)
-  Germany (University of Konstanz)
-  Ireland (Trinity College)
-  Netherlands (Utrecht University)
-  UK (University of Nottingham)



RESEARCHERS



FUNDERS



OpenAIRE





OPENAIRE

Investigadores
têm mandato CE
para depositar

Diretrizes
OpenAIRE

Repositórios
e revistas
OpenAIRE
compliant

OpenAIRE
agrega a info
e oferece
serviços





Special clause 39

- Open Access (specific to the thematic areas "Health", "Energy", "Environment (including Climate Change)", "Information & Communication Technologies", and "Socio-economic Sciences and the Humanities", as well as to the activities "Research Infrastructures" (E-Infrastructures), and "Science in Society").
- In addition to Article II.30.4, beneficiaries shall deposit an electronic copy of the published version or the final manuscript accepted for publication of a scientific publication relating to foreground published before or after the final report in an institutional or subject-based repository at the moment of publication.
- Beneficiaries are required to make their best efforts to ensure that this electronic copy becomes freely and electronically available to anyone through this repository:
 - - immediately if the scientific publication is published "open access", i.e. if an electronic version is also available free of charge via the publisher, or
 - - within [6 or 12] months of publication.



COMO CUMPRIR AS CONDIÇÕES

Deverá seguir as seguintes orientações gerais:

- 1ª) Submeter o **artigo** para uma revista;
- 2ª) Depois do artigo ter sido aceite para publicação, **depositar** a versão final de autor com revisão por pares (peer-review) num **repositório**.
- 3ª) Indicar as publicações no **relatório final** do projeto (referência e link).

>> o que depositar >> onde depositar >> quando despositar >>



O que depositar?

Versão publicada

- versão final do editor, incluindo todas as modificações do processo de revisão pelos pares (peer-review), edições e alterações de formatação (normalmente o **documento final em PDF**)

ou

Versão final aceite para publicação

- versão final de autor, incluindo todas as modificações do processo de revisão pelos pares (peer-review), mas sem a edição e formatação pelo editor.



Onde depositar?

○ Repositório institucional

- Da instituição a que pertence o autor/investigador

OU (Se não for possível)

○ Repositório disciplinar/temático

OU (Se não for possível)

○ Repositório Órfão

- Se não estiver disponível um repositório apropriado, os investigadores poderão usar o repositório disponibilizado pelo **OpenAIRE**.



Quando depositar?

- Devem depositar os artigos num repositório adequado **imediatamente** após aceite para publicação e disponibilizar o acesso aberto logo que possível, em função do embargo de 6 ou 12 meses dependendo da área FP7:

	6 meses com acesso embargado	12 meses com acesso embargado
ERC	Todos os projectos depois de 2007	
FP7	Nas áreas temáticas: "Health", "Energy", "Environment" (including Climate Change)", and "Information & communication technologies" ("Cognitive Systems", "Interaction" and "Robotics") Na actividade: "Research infrastructures" (e-infrastructures)	Na área temática: "Socio-economic Sciences and the Humanities" Na actividade: "Science in Society"



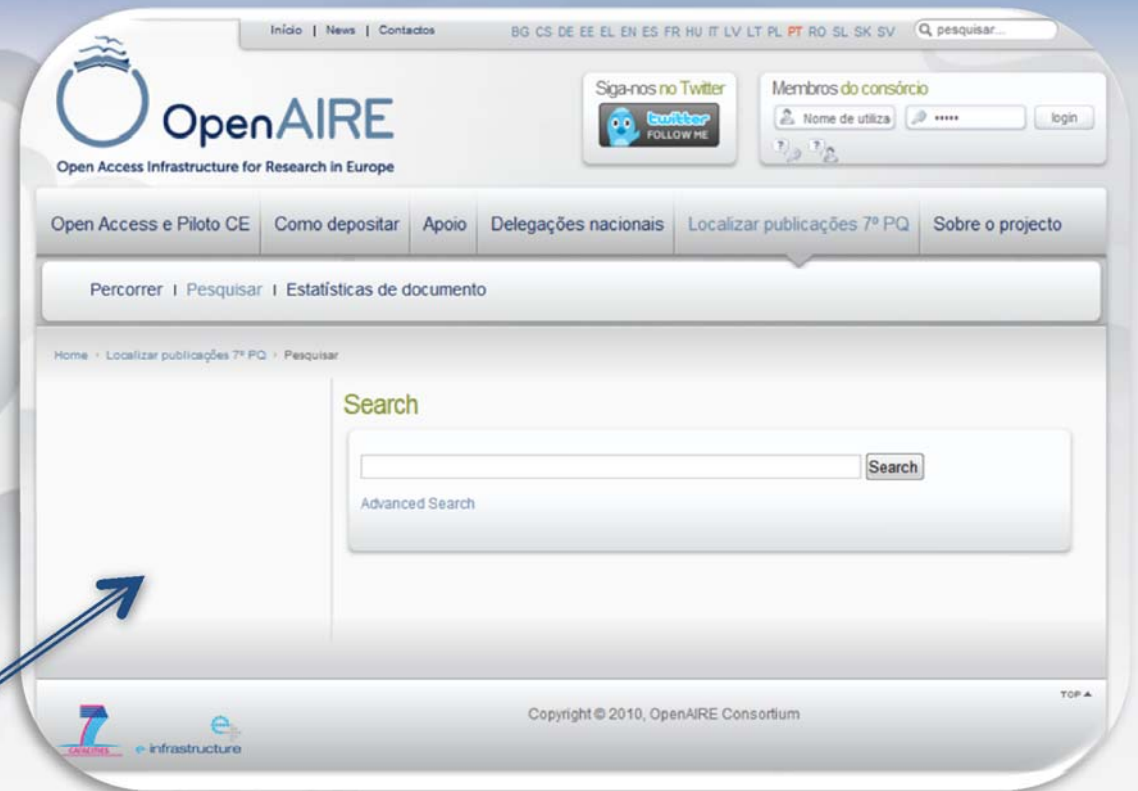
Como cumprir – em resumo

Enviar o artigo para o editor



Artigo final do autor

REPOSITÓRIO



Referência do artigo disponível nos sites OpenAIRE/CE, e texto completo disponível no Repositório



Referência ao projecto no processo de depósito

Introduza as palavras chave ou frases do assunto.

Palavras Chave

Introduza em baixo o resumo (abstract) no idioma principal do registo.

Resumo

Nome de projecto (obrigatório para registos ao abrigo do projecto OpenAIRE - <http://www.openaire.eu>)

Projecto

Patrocinadores

Descrição adicional e comentários.

Descrição



Referência ao projecto no processo de depósito

Projetos FP7 contendo o termo pesquisado

Results 1 to 6 of 6 for "neco"

1.

230583 - NECOBELAC - Network of collaboration between Europe an...
220639 - CRENECO - The role of mesophilic crenarchaea in soil n...
237443 - HINECOP - Hydrodynamic interactions in non-equilibrium...
236079 - MarinEcosyStability - Complexity, stability and chaos ...
213651 - STONECORE - Stone conservation for the refurbishment o...
Projecto não identificado

2.

Identificador

3.

Accept

Introduza o título principal do registo.


Título

Data de Embargo : YYYY-MM-DD

Data de Embargo Mês: (Sem Mês) ▼ Dia: Ano:

Introduza o identificador do Projecto OpenAIRE.

OpenAIRE



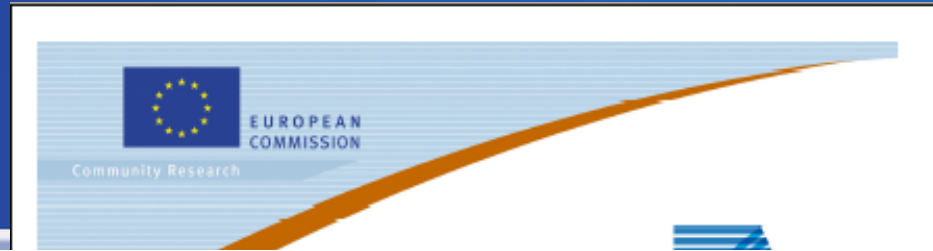
Como cumprir as condições

Deverá seguir as seguintes orientações gerais:

- 1ª) Submeter o **artigo** a uma revista à sua escolha;
- 2ª) Depois do artigo ter sido aceite para publicação, depositar a versão final de autor com revisão por pares (peer-review) num **repositório**.
- 3ª) Adicionar a referência e o link para a publicação no **relatório final** do projeto.



Relatório



Section A (public)

This section includes two templates

- Template A1: List of all scientific (peer reviewed) publications relating to the foreground of the project.
- Template A2: List of all dissemination activities (publications, conferences, workshops, web sites/applications, press releases, flyers, articles published in the popular press, videos, media briefings, presentations, exhibitions, thesis, interviews, films, TV clips, posters).

These tables are cumulative, which means that they should always show all publications and activities from the beginning until after the end of the project. Updates are possible at any time.

TEMPLATE A1: LIST OF SCIENTIFIC (PEER REVIEWED) PUBLICATIONS, STARTING WITH THE MOST IMPORTANT										Open Access
NO.	Title	Main author	Title of the periodical or the series	Number, date or frequency	Publisher	Place of publication	Year of publication	Relevant pages	Permanent identifiers ¹³ (if available)	Is/Will open access ¹⁴ provided to this publication? yes/no
1	<i>Economic transformation in Hungary and Poland'</i>		<i>European Economy</i>	<i>No 43, March 1990</i>	<i>Office for Official Publications of the European Communities</i>	<i>Luxembourg</i>	<i>1990</i>	<i>pp. 151 - 167</i>		yes/no
2										
3										

¹³ A permanent identifier should be a persistent link to the published version full text if open access or abstract if article is pay per view) or to the final manuscript accepted for publication (link to article in repository).

¹⁴ Open Access is defined as free of charge access for anyone via Internet. Please answer "yes" if the open access to the publication is already established and also if the embargo period for open access is not yet over but you intend to establish open access afterwards.



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Document Language

English (1083)
French (18)
Spanish (15)
Portuguese (7)
German (3)
Catalan (2)
Dutch (2)
Italian (1)

Project

UNILHC (225)
MASSTEV (86)
CONNECT (83)
SUPERFIELDS (80)
SMALL (69)
PASCAL2 (54)
WEBDAM (35)
EUCARD (34)
FEEDNETBACK (13)
EUROCHIP (11)
[View all...](#)

Scientific Areas

Information and Communication
Te... (385)
Marie-Curie Actions (256)
ERC (248)
Research Infrastructures (60)
Nanosciences, Nanotechnologies,
... (36)
Health (35)
Socio-economic sciences and
Huma... (28)
Environment (including Climate
C... (21)
Energy (20)
Research for the benefit of SMEs
(13)
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**Referência do artigo disponível nos sites OpenAIRE/CE,
e texto completo disponível para todos no Repositório
(imediatamente ou após período de embargo)**



Informação de suporte ao processo de submissão

- Envie o seu artigo para uma revista da sua escolha.
 - Documentos de suporte:
 - Model cover letter for amendment to publishing agreement
 - “Addendum to Publication Agreement”
 - http://cordis.europa.eu/fp7/find-doc_en.html
- Consultar o acordo de direitos de autor ou a base de dados SHERPA/ROMEO para verificar se a revista onde publicou permite o acesso livre e imediato ou exige um período de embargo.



Informação de apoio

The screenshot shows the CORDIS website interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the European Commission logo and the text 'European Commission CORDIS'. Below this, there are several menu items: 'Home', 'News', 'Funding', 'Results', 'Themes', 'Go local', 'Look it up', 'Interact', and 'Help'. A search bar is located on the right side of the page, with the text 'Search all CORDIS' and a 'Search' button. Below the search bar, there are links for 'Maps | Advanced Search', 'About this service | What's New | Sitema', and '>> Quick Links'. The main content area is titled 'Seventh Framework Programme (FP7)'. Below this, there is a section titled 'Open Access Pilot in FP7:' which contains a list of links and documents. The list includes: 'Leaflet "Open access pilot in FP7" [EN, pdf, 6122,9 KB] [more]', 'Guide to Intellectual Property Rules for FP7 projects pg. 15 - 18, section 7.3', 'Guidance notes on Project Reporting, see especially pg 5, 25, 32', 'OpenAIRE: Open Access Infrastructure for Research in Europe', 'Model cover letter for amendment to publishing agreement', and 'Model amendment to publishing agreement'. Each of these items has a list of language codes: BG | CS | DA | DE | EL | EN | ES | ET | FI | FR | HU | IT | LT | LV | MT | NL | PL | PT | RO | SK | SL | SV. Below the list, there is a paragraph of text providing additional information about the model documents.

Open Access Pilot in FP7:

- Leaflet "[Open access pilot in FP7](#)" [EN, pdf, 6122,9 KB] [[more](#)]
- [Guide to Intellectual Property Rules for FP7 projects](#) pg. 15 - 18, section 7.3
- [Guidance notes on Project Reporting](#), see especially pg 5, 25, 32
- [OpenAIRE: Open Access Infrastructure for Research in Europe](#)
- Model cover letter for amendment to publishing agreement
[BG](#) | [CS](#) | [DA](#) | [DE](#) | [EL](#) | [EN](#) | [ES](#) | [ET](#) | [FI](#) | [FR](#) | [HU](#) | [IT](#) | [LT](#) | [LV](#) | [MT](#) | [NL](#) | [PL](#) | [PT](#) | [RO](#) | [SK](#) | [SL](#) | [SV](#)
- Model amendment to publishing agreement
[BG](#) | [CS](#) | [DA](#) | [DE](#) | [EL](#) | [EN](#) | [ES](#) | [ET](#) | [FI](#) | [FR](#) | [HU](#) | [IT](#) | [LT](#) | [LV](#) | [MT](#) | [NL](#) | [PL](#) | [PT](#) | [RO](#) | [SK](#) | [SL](#) | [SV](#)

Please note that the model cover letter and model amendment to publishing agreement are provided for the sole purpose of offering support to beneficiaries of projects participating in the Open Access Pilot in FP7. Beneficiaries are free to modify the model documents or to replace them with alternative versions where appropriate and should seek legal advice where necessary, in particular in cases of pre-existing agreements. Whatever the publishing agreement put in place, beneficiaries should take care to ensure compliance with the conditions of the Open Access Pilot in FP7 as specified in Special Clause 39 of the Grant Agreement. The Commission cannot be held responsible for the use made of these models.



Rede de repositórios

The screenshot shows the OpenAIRE website interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with language options (CS, EL, EN, ES, IT, LV, LT, PT, RO, SK) and a search bar. Below the navigation bar is a main menu with options: Início, Acesso Aberto na UE, Depositar publicações, Pesquisar publicações, Apoio, Notícias e eventos, and Para Membros. The main content area features a heading "OpenAIRE compliant repositories" which is circled in red. Below this heading is a list of repositories, each with a small icon and a "validated 1.1" badge. The list includes:

- OpenAire Orphan Repository
- Academic Bibliography and Institutional Archive of Ghent University
- ArchiMer - Institutional Archive of Ifremer
- CERN Document Server (physics)
- Hyper Article en Ligne
- Universidade do Minho: RepositoriUM
- Lund University Publications
- Repositório Comum

The website also includes a Twitter follow button and a user login area for "Hi Pedro Principe, logout".



Informação de apoio e helpdesk

Home Open Access in the EU Deposit Publications Search for Publications **Get Support** News & Events For members

Home > Get Support > FAQ

FAQ

- General Info
- For Researchers
- For Repository Managers

Expand all | Collapse all

General Info

- 1 - What is Open Access ?
- 2 - Why Open Access?
- 3 - What is OpenAIRE?
- 4 - Where can I find the OpenAIRE guidelines?
- 5 - What are the ERC Scientific Council Guidelines for Open Access?
- 6 - What is the Open Access pilot in FP7?
- 7 - What are the copyright issues?
- 8 - What is an Open Access Journal and where can I find them?
- 9 - What are Open Access Repositories and where can I find them?
- 10 - What is a subject based or thematic repository?
- 11 - What is an Institutional Repository?
- 12 - My institution does not have an Institutional Repository. Where should I deposit?

In this section

- FAQ
 - > General Info
 - > For Researchers
 - > For Repository Managers
- Ask a question
- Guides
 - > Researchers
 - > Repository Managers
 - > Research Institutions
- Copyright Issues
 - > General
 - > What to do
 - > Publishers
- EC Resources
- Related Links

FAQ

- Ask a question
- Guides
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Informação de apoio e helpdesk

Home Open Access in the EU Deposit Publications Search for Publications **Get Support** News & Events For members

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 - > Researchers
 - > Repository Managers
 - > Research Institutions
- Copyright Issues
 - > General
 - > What to do
 - > Publishers
- EC Resources
- Related Links

FAQ

- Ask a question
- Guides
- Copyright Issues
- EC Resources
- Related Links



Aplicações e serviços OpenAIRE para os projetos



OpenAIRE

Open Access Infrastructure for Research in Europe

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Find us on the web



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Depositar, Forneça conteúdos

[Descubra](#)
Publicações, Estatísticas

[Apoio](#)
FAQ, Helpdesk, Guias

[Área pessoal](#)
Os meus depósitos, Os meus alertas

For Members

[NOADs Kit](#)

[Documentos do projecto](#)

[Documentos de reuniões](#)

[Listas de discussão](#)

[Adicionar notícia](#)

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Project: HERMIONE

Title: Hotspot Ecosystem Research and Man's Impact on European seas

Call: FP7-ENV-2008-1

Grant agreement number: 226354

Start date: 01/04/2009

End date: 31/03/2012

Special clause 39: yes

Scientific area: Environment (including Climate Change)

Programme: SP1-Cooperation

[Detailed project information \(CORDIS\)](#)

App Box

[View publications details](#)

[Dynamically incorporate publications in your site \(HTML\)](#)

[View EC progress report \(HTML\)](#)

[Download EC progress report \(CSV\)](#)

[Claim publications](#)

[Deposit OA](#)



Aplicações e serviços

EURO-BASIN

BASIN SCALE ANALYSIS, SYNTHESIS AND INTEGRATION

Home Project Description Research Cruise Program Training Meetings & Reports



Publications List:

EURO-BASIN will make 100% of all full/partially funded peer-reviewed publications freely available via 'green' open access, thus boosting visibility of the authors, use of the project's research, and providing free access to stakeholders across all sectors.

Publications listed in FP7 e-Infrastructure [OpenAIRE](#):
(incl. 19 publications from a Special Issue in *Progress in Oceanography* 84, 2010 based on which the project proposal was constructed).

EURO-BASIN publications

- Top-down, bottom-up or middle-out? Avoiding extraneous detail and over-generality in marine ecosystem models
Allen, J. - Fulton, E.
- Defining the "to" in end-to-end models
Mitra, Aditee - Davis, Cabell
- Comparing copepod time-series in the north of Spain: Spatial autocorrelation of community composition
Bode, Antonio - Alvarez Ossorio, Maria Teresa - Miranda, Ana - López Urrutia, Angel - Valdés, Luis
- Ecosystem limits to food web fluxes and fisheries yields in the North Sea simulated with an end-to-end food web model
Heath, Michael
- Spatio-temporal variability in fish-induced predation mortality on plankton: A simulation approach using a coupled trophic model of the Benguela ecosystem
Travers, Morgane - Shin, Yunne Jai
- Plankton functional group models – An assessment
Hofmann, Eileen E.
- Ecological modelling in a sea of variable stoichiometry: Dvsfunctionality and the

The WINNERS of the Competition 2011, a

winners of the Open Ac



Ana Sofia Ferr
PhD Student a
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Series (or any



Yongjin Xiao
PhD Student a
Science, USA,



Tosca Ballerini
Post-Doc at Ol
win each a fee-
any European

To participate in future C
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access.

TOOL BOX:

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initiatives for the
up to Horizon 20
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<http://eurobasin.dtuaqua.dk/eurobasin/index/publications.html>

<http://cordis.europa.eu/projects/index.cfm?fuseaction=app.details&TXT=eurobasin&FRM=1&STP=10&SIC=&PGA=&CCY=&PCY=&SRC=&LNG=en&REF=97329>



Aplicações e serviços

<http://www.primexs.eu/publications-via-openaire.html>

<http://cordis.europa.eu/projects/index.cfm?fuseaction=app.details&TXT=prime-xs&FRM=1&STP=10&SIC=&PGA=&CCY=&PCY=&SRC=&LANG=en&REF=97135>

The screenshot shows the CORDIS website interface. At the top, there are navigation links: "About CORDIS | Print | Legal Notice | Search | Contact" and a language dropdown set to "English (en)". The main header features the European Commission logo and the text "CORDIS Community Research and Development Information Service". Below this is a breadcrumb trail: "European Commission > CORDIS > Projects > PRIME-XS". A secondary navigation bar includes "Home", "News", "Funding", "Projects", "Results", "Partners", and "Go local", along with a "Share" button. The main content area is titled "European R&D Projects" and includes a search bar with "prime-xs" entered. The project details for "PRIME-XS" are displayed, including its acronym, full name, dates, and a brief description. A "Project details" section provides specific information like project reference, status, total cost, and EU contribution. A "Publications" section lists three related research articles. On the right side, there are several utility boxes: "See also" with links to other projects, "Related services" with a "Looking for partners?" button, "Send us your project news" with a "wire" icon, "Participant Portal" with the European flag, and "Stay tuned" with an "Other RSS" link.

About CORDIS | Print | Legal Notice | Search | Contact English (en)

European Commission
CORDIS
Community Research and Development Information Service

European Commission > CORDIS > Projects > PRIME-XS

Home News Funding Projects Results Partners Go local Share

New Search (Beta) Map Search Advanced Search
prime-xs Search

European R&D Projects

Result 1 of 786 | Next | Go to result list

PRIME-XS

Proteomics Research Infrastructure Maximising knowledge EXchange and access (XS)

From 2011-02-01 to 2015-01-31 | [PRIME-XS website](#)

Genome sequencing initiated a new age in biology. Now, the emphasis is on the biological interpretation of the genome: zooming on the biological functioning of the gene-products, i.e. the proteins, emerging into a field termed proteomics. Protein levels depend not only on mRNA levels, but also on translational controls & regulated degradation, making the measurement of expression at the protein le...

Project details

Project reference: 262067	Programme acronym: FP7-INFRASTRUCTURES
Status: Execution	Subprogramme area: INFRA-2010-1.1.14 High throughput facilities for proteome analysis
Total cost: EUR 9 898 449	Contract type: Integrating activities / e-infrastructures / preparatory phase
EU contribution: EUR 7 797 040	

Publications (31)
via [OpenAIRE](#)

- Improving SRM Assay Development: A Global Comparison between Triple Quadrupole, Ion Trap, and Higher Energy CID Peptide Fragmentation Spectra
Erik L. de Graaf - A. F. Maarten Altelaar - Bas van Breukelen - Shabaz Mohammed - Albert J. R. Heck
- Trends in ultrasensitive proteomics
AF Maarten Altelaar - Albert JR Heck
- A Proteome-wide, Quantitative Survey of In Vivo Ubiquitylation Sites Reveals Widespread Regulatory Roles
Sebastian A. Wagner - Petra Beli - Brian T. Weinert - Michael L. Nielsen - Juergen Cox - Matthias Mann - Chunaram Choudhary

Permanent link

See also

- Other Projects under FP7-INFRASTRUCTURES
- Other Projects with coordinator in NETHERLANDS
- Other Projects on Biotechnology
- Other Projects on Scientific Research
- Similar documents in CORDIS

Related services

- Looking for partners?
- Send us your project news
- Participant Portal
- Stay tuned**
 - Other RSS



Perguntas e respostas

www.openaire.pt

The screenshot shows the OpenAIRE website interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for 'Contact us', 'About', and 'Newsletter', followed by a language selection menu (BG, CS, EE, EL, EN, FR, HU, IT, LV, LT, PL, PT, RO, SK, SV) and a search bar. The OpenAIRE logo is prominently displayed on the left, with the tagline 'Open Access Infrastructure for Research in Europe'. Below the logo are social media icons for Twitter, LinkedIn, Facebook, and RSS. A 'Sign In' button is visible, showing the user 'Hi Pedro Principe' with a 'logout' link. A main navigation menu includes 'Home', 'Open Access in the EU', 'Participate Deposit, Provide Content', 'Discover Publications, Statistics', 'Get Support FAQ, Helpdesk, Guides', and 'My OpenAIRE My Deposits, My Alerts'. The main content area features a featured article titled 'Access to knowledge' with a quote from Neelie Kroes, Vice President of the European Commission for the Digital Agenda. To the right, there is a 'Latest News' section with a headline 'LIBER: Research Data Management Recommendations for libraries' dated 30/08/2012, and another article 'Ten Recommendations for libraries to get started with research data management'. Below the news are three columns of links for 'For Researchers', 'For Project Coordinators', and 'For Repository Managers'. At the bottom, there is a 'Mark your calendar' section for the '1st EUDAT Conference' on Monday, October 22, at 08:00.

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