

Overview of OA in Mediterranean Countries and OA Tracker

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# Survey Activity: Objective

- To map the state of the art of OA in the 6 countries
- 3 web surveys focused on OA policies from 5 different perspectives:
  - Research Funding Institutions (RFOs)
  - Research Performing Organization (RPOs)
  - Institutional Open Access policies
  - Institutional Open Access repositories
  - Publishers
- Carried out between April and June 2012
- Results will be publicly available on the MedOAnet website www.medoanet.eu



## Survey Activity: Overview

Common traits and some differences

Publishers' Survey Results

What we learnt

Next actions

# medannet Mediterronean Open Acces Network Survey Activity: Common traits (1)

- Bottom up approach with few exceptions
- Both strategies: Green (prevailing) and Gold
- An OA repository infrastracture is in place in all the 6 countries
  - stronger in some countries, especially where there has been a more centralized (Hal/France) or centrally supported (RCCAP/Portugal Recollecta/Spain) approach
  - constant growth
- Key role of libraries and librarians in running the OA repository and in same cases in depositing and liaisoning/advocacy activities with researchers in most of the countries
- The number of institutional open access policies or even mandates is much much smaller with the exception of Portugal www.medoanet.eu

# Survey Activity: Common traits (2)

- If institutional policies are in place they are voluntary, and if they are mandate they usually cover doctoral theses, or other type of material (conference proceedings, working papers) less frequently peer reviewed articles except for Portugal
  - no enforcement, nor monitoring
  - coverage in ROARMap is not equally distributed
- Institutional OA repositories policies (submissions, content, metadata, etc) are present in all countries, though very few cover long-term preservation
- Long term preservation is still not a high priority even if the need is perceived
- Research data are not highly represented in OA repositories www.medoanet.eu

# medagnet Survey Activity: Common traits (3)

### **Research Funding Institutions (RFOs)**

- Structure of RFOs varies from country to country
  - mainly the RFOs are public institutions
- Low response rate in all countries
- OA is not a high priority in their agenda
- Lack of OA mandates in most of the countries with few exceptions
- Some changes are taking place thanks to OpenAire, MedOANet project (through National Task Force, National workshops, EU Recommendations of July 17<sup>th</sup> 2012, Horizon 2020)

#### med@anet Mediterranean Open Acces Network Survey: Publishers who responded

- Scholarly publishers (academic press institutions, scientific associations/learned society, mainly small-sized academic publishers, fewer private academic press in humanities and social sciences)
- In general friendly attitude towards open access (slightly less friendly in France and in Italy)
- they already provide access to some parts of their publications
- Some state they are in favour of OA for publicly funded research output but they are concerned about a possible loss of revenue on their side
- Some of them are OA publishers, others are not, others are planning to become, some have confused ideas of what OA is

### medaanet Mediterranean Open Access Network Survey: Publishers responses

- self-archiving is allowed in a quite liberal way (publishers' version and/or peer reviewed author's version),
  - Self-archiving is allowed immediately upon acceptance of publications or immediately after publication
  - In few cases embargo is required
- Almost all publishers state that peer-reviewing is performed
- In some countries a good number of publishers do not require authors to sign a contract
  - No policy on copyright and deposition available, therefore those publishers are not registered in Sherpa Romeo

# medanet Mediterranean Open Access Network

## Survey: Publishers responses

 When a contract is signed, in same cases an exclusive transfer of copyright is requested, or in other cases a non exclusive transfer

- Usually the policy is published on the website and is reported in the Sherpa Romeo (Portugal/Blimunda Project, Spain/Dulcinea Project, France/Eloise)
- CC licenses are used in few cases



### What we learnt

- RPO Institutional mandates covering research paper is vital to the success of OA culture and practice (see University of Minho)
- A centrally funded project to support institutions in implementing OA repositories or having one central repository accelerates the process
- Sustained engagement with policy-makers and highranking RPO officials is necessary - especially when an infrastructure is in place and can relatively easily move on with policies



# Actions required

- a Science and Technology Law covering OA can help but does not solve all the problems, there is still a lot work to do
- More engagement and awareness-raising necessary with primary stakeholders (RFO, Publishers, RPO administrators, researchers) in most of the countries, definitively all countries with RFO and publishers
- RPO policy implementation and enforcement are strongly needed
- Research data need more attention and action
- National Task Force have a clear picture on actions to take



### OA TRACKER: what is it?

- A tool to have real time overview of the state of the art of OA in the 6 countries based on authoritative sources
- A tool to bring together info on journals, repositories, policies (institutional, funders) publisher's policies
- A tool to keep track of OA activities
- A tool to observe the growth of OA in these countries



## OA TRACKER: why?

- We want to highlight ongoing activities on OA with reference to journals, policies, publishers, institutional repositories, etc
- We want to compare the trends on Open Access in the Mediterranean area

 We want a tool to promote OA with facts and figures for advocacy purposes



## OA TRACKER: why?

 We want to encourage the stakeholder community to register its open access resources with the established services in order to increase the accuracy of information regarding the state of OA in the 6 countries



### OA TRACKER: How?

- Data Ingestion
- Information is drawn from authoritative sources such as DOAJ, SHERPA/ROMEO, SHERPA JULIET, OPENDOAR, ROARMAP
  - through API when available or through ad hoc script programmes
  - once data have been ingested, some data cleaning is performed
  - Future developments to ingest also from national authoritative sources
- Browse and Search Functionalities to allow easy discovery
- Graphic Visualization
   To present growth by country, by year

#### Other functionalities

• A Suggestion form to recommend new resources

 Release of export feature (RSS, XML) (under development)



### **Open Access Tracker structure**

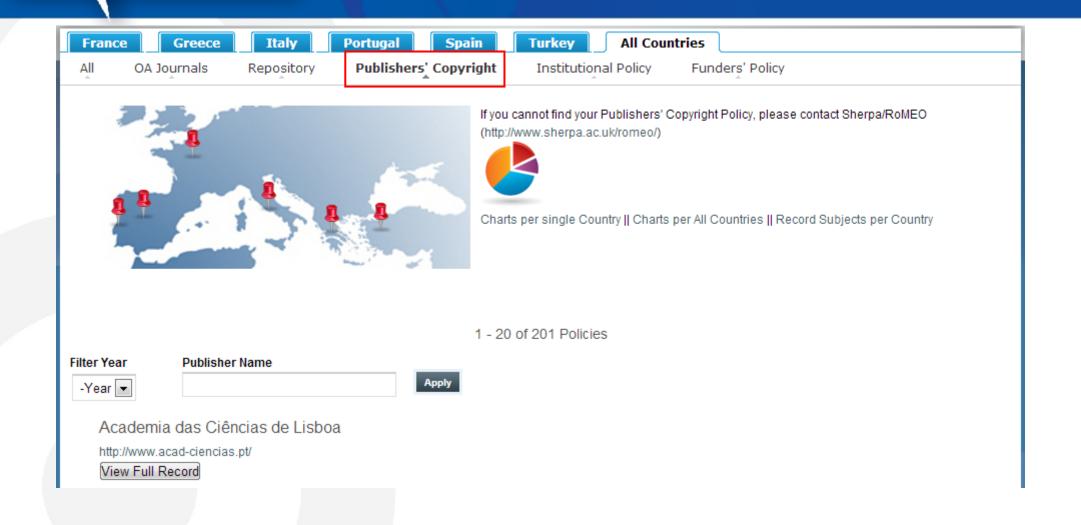
#### **Presentation page**



#### Search Open Access Tracker structure **Enter Keywords:** Search You can enter one or more keywords in the box to search through all documents; you can choose one or more countries and one or more type to refine your search REFINE SEARCH Only in the category(s): Only of the type(s): Country Funders Policies France Institutional Policy **Search&Browse** Functionalities Greece OA journal Italy Portugal Publisher Copyright Policies Spain Repository Turkey Advanced search Greece Italy **Portugal** Spain Turkey **All Countries** France Publishers' Copyright All OA Journals Repository Institutional Policy Funders' Policy 第 ※ 🖸 🚾 🚻 🔄 🕕 Click on the map to view Tracker content per country or use the tab to navigate between different categories of records for All Countries or per country.

Use the Search functionalities if you already know what you are looking for.







### Publisher's copyright policy Detail on **copyright info** & **related journals**

#### Academia das Ciências de Lisboa

#### PUBLISHER INFO

Publisher URL: http://www.acad-ciencias.pt/

Romeo Colour: Blue

#### **COPYRIGHT INFO**

General Conditions: Publisher's version/PDF must be used

Authors may deposit immediately RoMEO information provided by Blimunda

#### **PRE-PRINTS**

Preprints Archiving Policy: cannot

#### POST-PRINTS

Postprints Archiving Policy: cannot

#### PDF VERSION

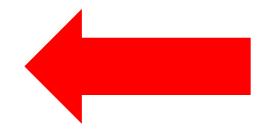
PDF Version Archiving Policy: can

Publisher Name : Academia das Ciências de Lisboa

Date of Creation: 22 November 2010 Last Harvest: 22 November 2010

Journallist:

Memórias da Academia das Ciências de Lisboa: Classe de Ciências Memórias da Academia das Ciências de Lisboa: Classe de Letras Source: SHERPA/ROMEO - http://www.sherpa.ac.uk/romeo/pub/838





### Open Access Tracker structure



Filters to refine results

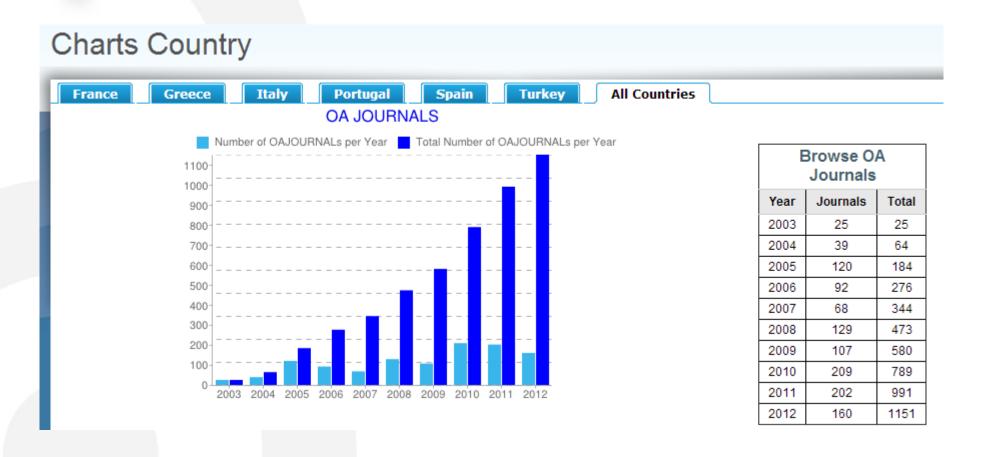


### **Open Access Tracker structure**





# Charts and figures on the Tracker

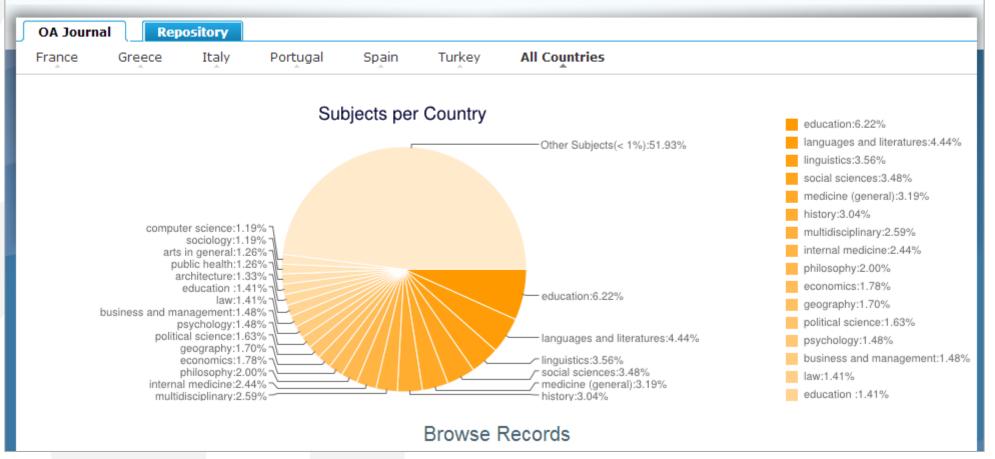


Charts per
Resource type (overall countries and single country)



### Charts and figures on the Tracker

### Charts Subject



Charts per **Subjects** (overall countries and single country) for **journals** and **repositories** 

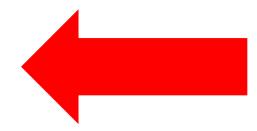


#### Private Area

- ▼ Useful Documents
  - · Create Useful Document
- ▼ Project Meetings and Events
  - Create Meetings and Events
- ▼ Open Access Tracker
  - Create Institutional Policy
  - · Create new Funder's Policy
  - Create new Open Access Journal
  - Create new Publishers' Copyright
  - · Create new Repository

There are three main areas for the internal MedOANet documents

- . Useful documents where you will find all material related to the progress of the project, deliverables, reports and so on
- Project meetings and events, where you will find all minutes, agendas, presentations and other material related to the specific meeting
- . Open Access Tracker, where you will be able to add new resources to each of the represented categories



Login and discover what you can do

#### **Create Institutional Policy**

Please fill in this form following the information below. Please note that "Title" field is the same of Institution/Publisher name. Remember that fields do not necessarily need to be filled in; in the case you do not have the required information, you can just put "Not specified" in the fields.

